Hygiene/Safety Regulations for University Operations
(- Last updated: October 13, 2021 -)

The pandemic continues to define our actions. The UP is committed to using all available means to ensure safe learning for students, protected research for academics, and healthy working conditions for employees in the administrative services. The Regulations on the Handling of the SARS-CoV-2 Virus and COVID-19 (Corona-UmgangsV) in Brandenburg of October 13, 2021 and the SARS-Cov-2 Occupational Health and Safety Regulations (Corona-ArbSchV), which came into force on July 01, 2021, present new challenges.

Special hygiene and distance regulations still apply for your workstations at the university, the place of work and the working hours. The pandemic plan adopted by the Senate on March 18, 2020, continues to apply; however, there is currently no “crisis” as defined in Section 7. The following regulations are an interpretation and reading of the provisions in the Regulations on the Handling of the SARS-CoV-2 Virus and COVID-19 adopted by the State of Brandenburg on June 15, 2021.

For further up-to-date information on individual issues, please refer to the university's website: https://www.uni-potsdam.de/en/presse/press/latest-news/coronavirus.

1) Hygiene Regulations

In general, a minimum distance of at least 1.5 meters, preferably 2 meters, must still be maintained for all activities without additional protective measures. If fixed seats are offered, the minimum distance can be reduced to 1 meter. When compliance is not possible in public spaces, at least medical-grade masks are to be worn. Exceptions are only possible for work processes where this cannot be implemented (e.g. experiments in the laboratory for practical courses) with corresponding additional protective measures (use of personal protective equipment).

Furthermore, frequent hand washing and airing of the rooms is required. Regular cleaning and disinfection of contact surfaces (handrails in the stairwells, door handles, toilet seats) is ensured by the HGP-UP in coordination with the cleaning companies. The respective notices with information for employees and students have already been put up.

The use of disinfectant is still considered to be of a lesser priority than the protective measures mentioned above and disinfectant will only be issued in consultation with the Occupational Safety Unit.

The general hygiene rules and recommendations of the Robert Koch Institute and the Federal Center for Health Education on the prevention of infections are still to be observed.

2) Teaching Operations

On-site courses are possible with a maximum number of attendees determined in accordance with the room capacity under coronavirus conditions (due to distance regulations). In this case, the minimum distance can be reduced to 1 meter if there are fixed seats.

Maximum room capacities are based on the minimum distances to be observed in accordance with Section 25 of the current regulations on the handling of the coronavirus. Seats must be selected so that a minimum distance of 1 meter is maintained. It is possible to use classrooms with a maximum occupancy rate of 50%. The normal room capacity (100%) is indicated on the sign on the door of the respective seminar room / lecture hall.

A room-specific graphical depiction of the possible seats will not be provided any longer and will be replaced by a general "1m requirement". In the lecture hall, the instructor must draw attention to the distance requirements and punish violations by expelling the person from the lecture hall.
Seminar rooms are set up by the HGP to allow for use in accordance with Section 25. It is prohibited to move the furniture of your own accord.

For teaching operations, the 3G rule (vaccinated, recovered, tested) applies to all participants. The emphasis is placed on a high degree of responsible behavior from each individual. Appropriate notices are located on the doors to the classrooms. In addition, random spot checks are carried out by our security guards.

**Practical courses and examinations** that absolutely require on-site attendance, in particular laboratory courses whose safety from an infection prevention perspective has been demonstrated by a risk assessment, can take place. The applicable rules on social distancing, mask mandates etc. remain unaffected.

Practical sports courses in higher education may take place in compliance with the respective regulations of the sports facility.

Rooms must be entered and vacated in an orderly fashion and in compliance with the distance regulations. The teaching staff members / persons in charge of the course are to give instructions to that end. If possible, a one-way system (separate entrance/exit) should be implemented.

For rooms in which windows can be opened, users are required to ensure that the room will be ventilated thoroughly for short periods at frequent intervals by opening the windows as wide as possible. Rooms should be aired out in this manner for 5 to 15 minutes as frequently as possible. Suggestions on ventilation times can be found in the statement of the Commission for Indoor Air Hygiene at the German Environment Agency.

If outside temperatures permit, courses should be held (in whole or in part) with open windows. At the very least before and after a course, the room must be aired out for at least 10 minutes with both doors wide open.

Rooms in which windows cannot be opened must have a ventilation system installed as a prerequisite for use. HGP-UP is responsible for ensuring that the necessary air change rates are met. The share of recirculated air is to be set to zero.

Mobile air cleaners can only be purchased in individual cases after a risk assessment based on the specific circumstances and are the exception. Further information can be found on an information page on mobile air cleaners (MLR) on the intranet.

Cleaning between courses carried out by HGP-UP cleaning staff will not be necessary if course participants are given the opportunity to disinfect their workstation/desk themselves. For this purpose, dispensers with disinfectant and disposable towels are available at the entrances. Attention will be drawn to this using appropriate signs and teaching staff members will also point this out at the beginning of a course.

Until further notice, the wearing of a medical mask is mandatory in all university buildings of the University of Potsdam. This also applies to lecture halls, seminar rooms (also during the courses), laboratories, libraries and computer labs. If a distance of >1m can be maintained at fixed lecture hall / seminar room seats, the mask can be removed once participants are seated.

We ask that all students also bring such a mask (surgical mask, FFP2 mask or equivalent) with them to examinations. In support of this, a surgical mask will be provided by the university for students who take part in an on-site course or examination. However, we would like to point out that this is a voluntary service provided by the UP and that an examination can also take place if there are not enough masks provided by the university.

Teaching staff are exempt from the mask requirement in the lecture hall or seminar room, provided that they teach at a fixed location and maintain a distance of 2.5 meters to the students. If that is not the case, they must wear an FFP2 mask. They will receive these masks once a risk assessment has been carried out at the UP’s Occupational Safety Unit. The employer must provide medical face coverings or FFP2 masks or comparable respirators specified in the annex to the Corona-ArbSchV if
- the minimum distance of 1.5 m cannot be maintained, or
- the performed activities are likely to cause hazards due to increased aerosol emission.

This evaluation has to be carried out with the mentioned risk assessment. Employees must wear the masks provided by the employer.

Special arrangements (e.g. in the laboratory) are possible after a risk assessment has been carried out and must be reviewed by the Occupational Safety Unit.

Work in science laboratories may be conducted in compliance with the established rules regarding distance, hygiene and the wearing of masks. Due to the existing technical particularities (in particular mechanical ventilation) or the associated hazards from chemicals, there may be special regulations with regard to the obligation to wear a respirator.

In preparative chemistry laboratories, the mask mandate can be waived if wearing a medical mask would cause additional laboratory-related dangers. This may be the case if personal protective equipment is negatively affected by the respirator.

Laboratories generally have an air exchange rate of eight times per hour and are therefore considered to be very well ventilated in terms of infection control. A fume hood is operated with a laminar air flow that retains vapors and aerosols or transports them away with the exhaust air. Air around the fume hood that might be contaminated with the virus will be sucked out thanks to a continued air flow. It is possible to dispense with the wearing of a respirator if minimum distances are observed in front of a fume hood. Persons in charge of supervision must wear an FFP2 mask in order to be able to intervene quickly (averting danger) within a 1.5 m radius.

Excursions in Brandenburg are possible in compliance with the regulations on the UmgangsV. The maximum number of participants must be chosen in such a way that the required minimum distances can be maintained at all times. Rules of the UmgangsV pertaining to the maximum number of attendees for open-air events are to be applied.

To participate in courses, it is necessary to log in via the QRoniton tool in order to carry out any necessary contact tracing. This also applies to learning groups (item 4) and other events (item 7).

3) Using Offices and Work Spaces

The applicable distance regulations of at least 1.5 meters, preferably 2 meters, are to be observed in offices and workspaces. The minimum sizes for workstations in accordance with Occupational Safety Rule 1.2 must be applied. It is of particular importance to air the rooms frequently. Furthermore, where this is required due to the nature of the premises or work organization, technical and/or organizational measures are to be implemented to protect against infection, for example, physical barriers (sneeze guards) or the introduction of shifts by adjusting working hours or working from home.

The heads of the faculties, divisions and institutions shall define appropriate guidelines for their area of responsibility.

Sneeze guards can be ordered as a “Kleinauftrag” (small order), the on-site carpentry workshop can create custom builds.

If distance rules are not observed outdoors, a mask must also be worn in this situation.

The necessity of wearing a medical mask / FFP2 or equivalent mask arises analogously to point 2 on the basis of the Corona-ArbSchV and the associated risk assessment. The employer (management, head of division, executive) has to organize / provide these if the risk assessment stipulated that masks must be worn to compensate for hazards. The Occupational Safety Unit can provide you with organizational help with regard to procurement.
The nature of the respirator must be such as to reduce the spread of transmissible droplet particles during coughing, sneezing, speaking or breathing. For optimal effectiveness, it is important that the face covering fits correctly. It must fit snugly over the mouth and nose and be changed when it becomes wet. You can find further information on this on the websites of the Occupational Safety Unit (Intranet).

- What are FFP 2 masks?
- Instructions on the use of FFP 2 masks.
- Information leaflet on time limits for wearing face coverings, and
- Information leaflet on respiratory protection and prevention.

Exceptions to the mask mandate (e.g., for persons with disabilities) are governed by the applicable UmgangsV.

As before, the employer provides 2 rapid tests per week per employee; the basis is the Corona-ArbschV. The results will not be checked by supervisors.

4) Meetings and Study Groups

Where possible and appropriate, video conferencing systems should continue to be used for meetings.
On-site face-to-face meetings are to be conducted in accordance with the above-mentioned distance and hygiene regulations.
For meetings that are part of the usual and routine communication within working groups, chairs or departments and where contact details are therefore known, no further contact records need to be kept. For meetings that are not part of routine business and/or with external parties, the traceability of possible chains of infection must be ensured by the organizer through documentation on the meeting participants (first and last name as well as telephone number or e-mail address). Data collected for this purpose must be deleted or destroyed after four weeks.

The same applies to study groups. Students will receive written instructions on this when booking a room. Documentation of the participants (first and last name as well as telephone number or e-mail address) is to be carried out and guaranteed by the organizer.

5) Using Sanitary Facilities

Regulations for offices and work spaces also apply to sanitary facilities.

6) Hallways/Building Access Areas

Longer periods spent in the hallways are to be avoided.
Please wear a surgical mask, FFP2 mask or equivalent in the corridors, hallways, elevators and stairwells of the University of Potsdam until further notice. Justifications for deviation from the mandatory wearing of a specified mask at the university are available in section 2) above.
This also applies when entering or leaving lecture halls and seminar rooms.
Elevators may only be used alone and while wearing a medical mask.

7) Public Access / Other Events

Public access is to be organized with infection protection in mind. One possible measure to be implemented is the definition of office hours or the use of fixed appointments. Advisory services can also be offered via telephone or e-mail or online. Appropriate physical barriers (acrylic glass screens) are provided in the relevant areas to protect employees that are in
frequent contact with the public. Writing utensils etc. are not provided for public use, and as far as possible, paper brochures will not be handed out. In entrance areas frequented by the public, barriers, e.g. stretch belt barriers, must be installed to prevent uncontrolled access. When installing barriers, the Occupational Safety Unit must be involved to address building code concerns, fire protection in particular. The approval of external events in the broadest sense related to research/teaching, medicine, as well as ministry events at the university require case-by-case evaluations and decisions by the university management.

The application of the 2G rule (vaccinated or recovered, Section 7) is possible for other events in justified individual cases. However, it also requires the approval of the university management. The fulfillment of the requirements resulting from Section 7 is the responsibility of the organizer, in particular the written notification to the health authorities.

8) Work Equipment/Workstations

In general, work equipment and tools are only to be used by one individual. If this is not possible for organizational or other operational reasons, they must be cleaned or disinfected before being passed on or used by other persons. For the purpose of intermittent cleaning/disinfection, the employees are provided with appropriate cleaning and disinfectant products by the Occupational Safety Unit upon request.

9) Illness/Suspected Illness

Symptoms of a cold must be assessed by a physician before going to work or performing duties at the university workplace; if the symptoms are unclear and no incapacity for work has been ascertained, work must be carried out from the home office for the time being. Further information on how to deal with suspected cases and infections can be found on the UP website and in the appendix of this concept.

10) Returning to the University after Traveling (on Holiday)

For those returning from risk areas (students and employees), the valid version of the Ordinance on Coronavirus Entry Regulations (CoronaEinreiseV) shall apply (see https://www.bundesgesundheitsministerium.de/service/gesetze-und-verordnungen.html).

Students in need of advice affected by this can contact corona-studium@uni-potsdam.de.

Should university employees stay in a COVID-19 risk area, they must inform the head of their department of this fact before returning to their workplace. The heads of department and supervisors have the right to ask whether employees have been to a COVID-19 risk area.

In such cases, the current guidelines for dealing with returnees from COVID-19 risk areas as published on the UP website must also be observed.

11) Business Trips

In order to carry out and obtain approval for business trips, please observe the respective information or publications of the Division of Human Resources and Legal Affairs. Furthermore, the guidelines of the Robert Koch Institute with regard to the designation of risk areas published by the RKI shall apply. Business trips to high-risk areas or areas with travel warnings from the German Foreign Office are generally not eligible for approval.

12) Dining Halls/Cafeterias
The Studentenwerk Potsdam (Association for Student Affairs) provides information on access to dining halls and cafeterias and the regulations that apply there.

13) General Legal Provisions

The regulations of the Federal Government, the State of Brandenburg and the City of Potsdam relating to the control and containment of the coronavirus shall apply in their respective versions. Student and employee representatives will be included within the framework of the applicable legal provisions.

14) Closing Provisions

The defined measures will be adapted to the current situation on a short-term basis. The existing employer obligation to offer at least 2 Covid-19 tests per week for employees of the University of Potsdam are not affected by the hygiene concept.

Appendix: Orientation guidelines (tips on how to deal with suspected cases)

Potsdam, October 14, 2021

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